Visualizing pictures of a beautifully restored VIP aircraft with luxurious lamps providing a warm and natural atmosphere makes one wonder how it can all be realized. What has to be done to get these parts designed, produced and finally qualified to international aerospace requirements? Or what does it take to get an air-to-air missile fully qualified for combat?

Although not immediately apparent, advanced telemetry systems are an integral part of the development process for both comfortable air passenger environments and precision missions. Without the innovative products and expertise deployed for flight testing from the international telemetry community, these accomplishments would not be realized.

Building off of the proven success of the LS-28-DRSM, Lumistar has designed a complementary product that when mated with the DRSM allows for a suite of new capabilities in a very small envelope. The new LS-76-M2 Series upconverter is a standalone dual-channel IF (intermediate frequency) to RF (radio frequency) tunable upconverter module with multipath simulation capabilities. The LS-76-M2 can be placed locally on the flight line and will receive the preflight telemetry, and process it down to clock/data outputs. These clock and data signals are fed to the LS-28-DRSM onboard dynamic IF modulator; where the data can be multiplexed into one of many formats. The modulated output, necessarily at the same frequency, is then unconverted to RF. The LS-96-M2 unit is configured differently to this application (Figure 3), the identical IF input frequency is then modulated, the 70MHz is cabled over to the LS-28-DRSM's onboard upconverter module of the LS-96-M2, data rate, is then fed to the input of the modulator section in the LS-28-DRSM. The output of the LS-28-DRSM is then demodulated and bit errors collected.

An upconverter that can be mated with existing telemetry processing stations offers extended functionality for range flight test operations.

**LS-76-M2 SPECIFICATIONS**

- **Output fading:** Software controlled; 20kHz adjust rate; 14bit resolution
- **Input/output impedance:** 50Ω
- **DC input power (calculated):** 9–42 V DC; 28W
- **User inputs/outputs:** Total of 12 Custom IO available
- **Control interfaces:** 232/422/485/USB/10 or 100Mbps Ethernet
- **Typical RF upconversion frequencies:** 250–320, 400–450, 720–850, 1200–2195, 2565–2465, 4000–4950, 5091–5150, 7091–7250 (custom frequencies are available)
- **Maximum input signal non-damage:** +30dBm
- **RF output:** 70MHz, variable from 10MHz to 500MHz
- **IF input frequency:** +30dBm
- **IF input frequency:** 70MHz, variable from 10MHz to 500MHz
- **RF output:** Variable; +20dBm to -96dBm; each channel separately controllable
- **Output fading:** Software controlled; 20kHz adjust rate; 14bit resolution
- **VSWR:** 1.5:1 typical or better
- **Frequency accuracy:** 0.002ppm (internal)
- **Input/output impedance:** 50Ω
- **IF inputs:** Two inputs; 9–42 V DC; 28W
- **Control interfaces:** 232/422/485/USB/10 or 100Mbps Ethernet
MODULAR RANGE RE-TRANSMISSION AND DATA INTEGRITY CHECKOUT SYSTEM

An upconverter that can be mated with existing telemetry processing stations offers extended functionality for range flight test operations

// MARK M. WHORTER

LS-76-M2 SPECIFICATIONS

Typical RF upconversion frequencies: 215-320, 300-515, 1435-1535, 1710-1850, 2200-2395, 2856-2865, 4000-4950, 5091-5250 (custom frequencies are available)

Number of upconversion bands: Up to 5 plus IF pass-thru
RF tuning step size: 50kHz steps (typical); 100kHz upon request
Maximum input signal non-damage: +30dBm
RF input frequency: 70MHz typical, Variable from 10MHz to 500MHz
RF output: Variable; +20dBm to -96dBm; each channel separately controllable
Output fading: Software controlled; 20kHz adjust rate; 14bit resolution
VSWR: 1.5:1 typical or better
Frequency accuracy: 0.002ppm (internal)
Input/output impedance: 50Ω
IF inputs: Two inputs; SW selectable; linear and AGC Auto
User inputs/outputs: Total of 12 Custom IO available
DC input power (calculated): 9-42 V DC; 28W
Control interfaces: 232/422/485/USB/10 or 100Mbps Ethernet

Telemetry, modulation, upconversion, and data quality measurement capabilities.

MODULAR DATA RE-TRANSMISSION SYSTEM APPLICATION

Many of Lumistar’s range customers have common problems receiving good bits from RF datalinks that are not line-of-sight at various times in a typical ConOps range. Flight test. One typical example is when the target aircraft is at a preflight check and typically observed from the distant range observing station or stations by hangars, buildings or trees (Figure 2).

The LS-96-M2 can be placed locally on the flight line and will receive the preflight telemetry, and process it down to clock/data outputs. These clock and data signals are fed to the LS-96-DRSM’s onboard dynamic IF modulator; where the data can be modulated in one of many formats. The modulated output, necessarily at the same rate as the IF input, is then fed to the IF output of the upconverter module of the LS-96-M2, where it is first split into two streams and then unconverted to RF. The LS-96-M2 allows for upconversion from 20MHz to 7GHz at a power output of up to +20dBm.

At 7GHz, which can be configured to provide data rates up to 40Mbps from internally derived data patterns. The test pattern signal can be PRN, frame simulators, non-defined or external derived data. The data can be modulated with any appropriate format.

Once modulated, the 70MHz is cabled over to the LS-76-M2 modular upconverter and translated up to any RF frequency between 20MHz and 2GHz. The RF can then be fed to a homing antenna at power level up to 20dBm without the need for external amplification.

This antenna can be situated in such a way as to return the RF back to the main range infrastructure (Figure 3). The received RF signal is routed back to the dual IF inputs of the LS-96-DRSM, or to any range telemetry receiving asset, then demodulated and bit errors collected. The modulator section in the LS-96-DRSM can be configured to provide Doppler simulation and rejection of noise. Therefore, the range telemetry check-out system is able to create RF profiles that could be expected to be encountered in real-world scenarios.

MULTIPATH SIMULATION

In addition to Doppler and additive white noise, the system also employs a multipath simulation capability. Each unconverted RF signal can be dynamically attenuated at

VISUALIZING PICTURES OF A BEAUTIFULLY

MODULAR RANGE RE-TRANSMISSION
AND DATA INTEGRITY CHECKOUT SYSTEM

Figure 1, the resultant LS-96-M2 system mated to the LS-28-DRSM, as shown in

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the RF frequency of propagation. Known multipath profiles, such as standard waveforms, previously recorded multipath profiles, or user programmable multipath, can be generated. The multipath depth is greater than 90dB, and the fade rate is greater than 20kHz.

**LS-76-M2 UPCONVERTER DESIGN AND CAPABILITIES**

The LS-76-M2 upconverter used in the LS-96-M2 modular range re-transmission and data integrity check-out system uses advanced design and technology. The unit is capable of withstanding harsh environments, including resistance to vibration and shock. It is ideally suited for applications where size, weight and power are key design considerations.

The unit provides standard RF upconversion bands of 215-320, 400-1150, 1435-1535, 1710-1850, 2200-2395, 2185-2485, 4400-4950, 5091-5150, and 5091-5250MHz, plus an IF band pass-thru. RF tuning resolution is typically 50kHz, however tuning steps as small as 50Hz are possible. The maximum IF input signal is 1W. The IF input frequency, which typically will be in the 70MHz range, can be varied from as low as 10MHz to 500MHz. If a specific IF input frequency is required, Lumistar can be consulted for details. The unit boasts a powerful RF output at 20dBm, which is more than sufficient power to provide re-transmission over several miles using directional antennas. Lumistar is able to provide specific ‘Link Analysis Support’ if it is needed to ensure your line-of-sight communications link.

Each channel has separately controllable attenuation over a >90dB range, thus providing independent multipath attenuation simulation characteristics for dual-polarity systems. The upconverter provides this fading via software control, up to a 20kHz rate, 14bit resolution, using analog variable attenuation. Thus no break in the data stream occurs during fading events. The frequency accuracy is better than 0.002ppm. The upconverter operates from a DC power supply 9-42V DC and consumes around 26W.

The LS-76-M2 can be used as a highly configurable dual-channel upconverter, or when mated with its sister product (the LS-28-DRSM) it can provide range re-transmission or line check-out functionality that is highly useful for range flight test operations.

**MODULAR TELEMETRY**

Lumistar’s LS-28-DRSM Modular RF/Digital Telemetry System can stand alone as a fully integrated telemetry processing station or can mate with other Lumistar products to meet extended requirements. The modular unit supports up to six bands of dual channel RF signals, multiple digital demodulation formats, bit and frame synchronization, diversity combining, three stream data recording, demodulation, IRIG and network time synchronization and Ethernet UDP data broadcasting. Software displays include Spectrum, O-scope and Constellation patterns. Hardware and firmware options support many uses.

The modular unit supports many error correction schemes, such as Viterbi, Reed-Solomon, LDPC, STC, Best Source Selection, and Adaptive Equalization. An added feature is the modular unit’s versatile IF Modulator, which can produce many data waveforms used in typical system test scenarios, including Doppler and Multipath simulation.

Other features include spectrum sensing, data re-transmission, and digital communication system data link analysis. All of these capabilities are included in a small modular unit under 4in² (670cm²) 2 lb (0.9kg) and consuming just 45W at 10-40V DC. Beyond the excellent RF performance, at the heart of the modular design is a flexible and extensible multicore DSP engine that can assume any one of 12 “personalities”. The unit is constructed via four hardware slices: RF, IF, DSP and control processing.

Adding to the unit’s design flexibility, it can be constructed using only two or three slices when requirements demand different hardware configurations without RF capabilities. Owing to the open-ended firmware-based architecture of the LS-28-DRSM series products, many more personality-based applications are conceivable and achievable.

Mark McWhorter is vice president of sales and marketing with Lumistar.